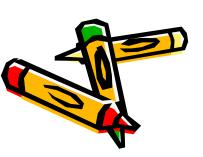
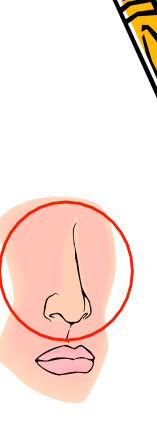


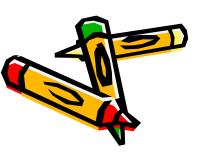
Respiration •The exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide in cells



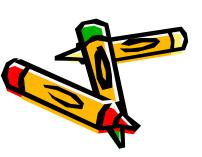
Nose Warms and filters incoming air



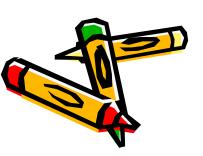
The Nose



Cilia •Tiny hairs in the nose, and respiratory tract

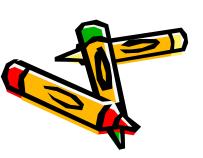


Olfactory nerves Nerves that detect odors





The windpipe Connects nasal passages to the lungs



Epiglottis "Safety valve" that keeps food out of the trachea

Lungs The two main organs of the respiratory system

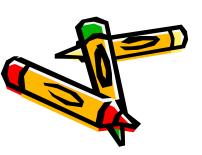


Pleura •The membrane around the lungs

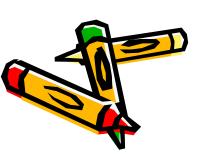
Bronchioles •Tiny branching tubes in the lungs



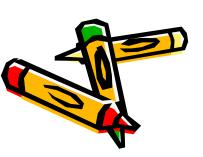
Alveoli ·Air sacs in the lungs



Diaphragm Large, flat muscle that controls breathing



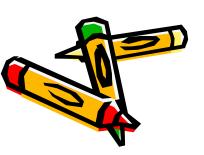
Larynx •The voice box



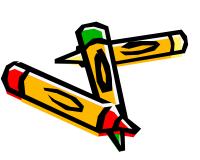
Vocal cords Stretchy bands of tissue that produce sound



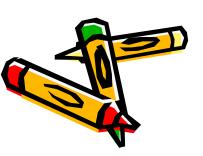
Exhale •To breathe out



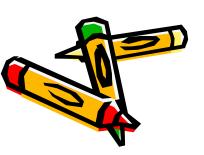
Inhale •To breathe in



Oxygen ·Gas needed by all body cells



Carbon dioxide ·Gas released by the lungs



Action that forces dust and bacteria out of the nose **1**

Sneeze

